HOME AND FARM.

-It is not advisable to sow buckwheat or any other crop on the same ground three or four years in succession without specially good manuring.

-To utilize the feathers of ducks, chickens and turkeys, generally thrown aside as refuse, trim the plume from the stump, inclose them in a tight bag, rub the whole as if washing clothes and you will secure a perfectly uniform and light down, excellent for quilting coverlets and not a few other purposes .- N. Y. Heralden R to

-The statement in regard to the value of sawdust as a manure for potatoes is not wortny of notice. Sawdust has no fertilizing value until it is quite rotten, and then no more than that of the ashes that could be made from it. Hardwood sawdust is useful for litter in tween different grades is generally conthe stables and as an absorbent, but siderably less in Great Britain and Conslone, as a fertilizer, it is entirely without value .- N. Y. Times.

Graham Bread: Make a sponge the same as for wheat bread; when better with it abroad than at home. Our risen add one quart of tepid water, a people are the greatest butter eaters in teaspoonful of salt, one cup of Indian the world, consuming fifteen pounds meal, two teaspoonfuls of brown sugar; per capita annually. then knead the Graham flour enough to make a stiff dough; let it rise over night; mold it in loaves in the morning | their preferences in regard to the butter and hake when light. Graham loaves they eat than exists in the monarchical require longer baking than white bread. -N. Y. Herald.

There are now in the United States six Agricultural Experiment Stationsone in each of the States of Connecticut, North Carolina, New Jersey, New York, Massachusetts and Ohio. Much information of value to farmers has already been obtained by careful experiments at these institutions, and a wide field for fature usefulness is open before themif crochet-mongers and riders of hobbies are rigidly excluded from the management of them .- N. Y. Examiner.

Fruit Pudding: Three pints of milk, eight Boston crackers split and buttered, six eggs beaten light, two cups of sugar, one teaspoonful of salt, quarter of a nutmeg grated, half a teaspoonful of cinnamon, one pound of stoned raisins, quarter of a pound of currents. Boil the milk, and then add sugar, eggs and flavoring. Butter a deep putding dish, Cout in a layer of crackers and moisten with a little of the custard. Then add a layer of fruit, and do this till all is in the dish. Pour over the rest of the custard and bake in a slow oven. Brown at the last, and eat hot with or without sauce.- New England Farmer.

Western Stock Business.

To precisely what extent the stock business on the plains is carried on by companies, we do not know. There are a number of companies of larger or smaller pretensions, and we suppose that their success has suggested what we regard as purely wild-cat schemes. In former issues we have taken occasion to utter a word of warning to the companies can be formed, successfully run, and made to pay even a large divito advise them to keep their money out of all such enterprises. If they follow gers, both of which are probable: Loss through unavoidable circumstances, and loss through schemers who know nothing at all about stock raising or who never intend to invest the money they may receive for stock, in the business. We see live stock companies advertising their stock for sale, about whose officers we can learn nothing, and who appear to be adventurers; and in order to be on the safe side, in any event, we should not invest in the stock. And then again, we are suspicious that some of these companies, while not fraudulently conceived, are organized by those who are wholly ignorant of the business, and can not, therefore, possiclass of men in all cities, who think they are competent to manage live stock enterprises; indeed they do not think that live stock business needs any management, but that all in the world that is needed is to buy a herd of cattle, or a fock of sheep, and sit down to wait for the profits. In the office of a newspa-per like this, we frequently meet such men, who are of all ages and conditions of life. The lawyer, doctor, clerk and merchant turn up periodically with the question, Where had I better go to engage in the live stock business? To the inquiry, Have you had any experence? they borrow Mark Twain's idea of running an agricultural journal, which was that he never supposed a man need know anything to do that. We have no doubt that some of the projected live stock companies have had their origin in the hopeful brains of this very class of people. If so, we can tell with very great certainty what the result will be. It will be disappointment and loss.

Companies of the nature of these, are not for men of moderate means anyhow. They are peculiarly within the province of rich men, who can afford to take chances, and who will not feel a loss, if it should happen to come. The ordinary farmer, who has a little money, or engage in it, or whether there is or is nary farmer, who has a little money, or perhaps, is properly credited with hav-ing a fine farm and a good bank account, should keep out of these schems. Better let well enough alone anyhow, and be content with the cultivation of a good farm, if you have one. But if the desire to go into the live stock business on the plains, is irresistable, let the farmer take his own money, buy his own stock, select his own range, and attend to his own business. Stock company enterprises, managed by paid officers and agents is the lazy man's way of getting money at best, and that is not the way farmers make their money. We shall regret to see the day when our farmersabout the only class in the country in which there is any considerable virtue left-embark in stock company enterprises to any considerable extent. It the best and highest-priced cheese is would not be long under such circum- consumed in this country, and that the stances, before they would be as Lad as other gamblers. Therefore, while there are of course exceptions, the best genare of course exceptions, the best general remark that we can make is, that will soon find a better market at home live stock companies in the West are than abroad, leaving for export only neither desirable nor reliable means of such goods as our own people reject .making money-Western Rural.

Exportation of Dairy Products Questionable.

The lamentations which are occasionally heard in regard to the small amount of butter exported, evidently come from parties who fail to comprehend the true bearing of the situation.

The simple reason why we export so little butter is because the market at home is better than the markets abroad. The price of butter in Boston, New York and Philadelphia, and also in this city, is habitually higher for choice grades than in London, Liverpool, Glasgow, or the large cities of continental Europe. Our own cities and large villages furnish for our dairy farmers the best butter market in the world. For low grades of butter the situation is different. The distinction in price betinental Europe than it is here. If we are unfortunate enough to have butter which is not first-class, we can often do

We have a much larger class of well-

to-do citizens who are able to gratify countries of Europe, and they do not hesitate to pay high prices for what pleases them, and to reject whatever does not suit so well. Hence, grades of butter which fall below first-class occasionally accumulate and find a better market with the laboring classes abroad than they do at home; and this kind of butter is what constitutes the bulk of our small exports of that article. The English market is open for foreign butter, and would take a large share of what we make if we should choose to send it there. The only reason why we do not send more than we do is because our own consumers bid higher for it than the consumers in England and other countries. It is not, as is sometimes insinuated, because our butter is inferior and is not wanted abroad, nor pecause we can not make it cheap enough to enable us to compete in the English markets and live as well as those who now furnish those markets with fine butter. The superior grades of butter made in the United States are unsurpassed in quality by any of the Euro-pean nations, and the vast extent of cheap and well-watered lands in their northern half enable producers to turn it out at a cost below what it is possible to do on the costly lands of Europe.

Tne American producer of the first-

class butter is a happy and prosperous man compared with his European rival, for he can produce his goods at less cost and sell for a higher price. Nor is his situation a spasmodic one, which is likely to suffer great or sudden changes. The long time which he has enjoyed this position affords a strong presumption of its continuance, for he has enjoyed it almost uninterruptedly for the last quarthese live stock companies. The live stock business is not so certainly successful anywhere that anywhere the that anywhere that anywhere the th public in regard to the organization of ter of a century, but he has a stronger brains or without, or with or without American farmer has a versatility of experience, can turn it to success. That talent, and is far from being fixed or rigid in his habits. If he could do better with the dew of terror! Beautiful ambidend upon the capital invested is all can oscillate from one to another with true enough. But we do not believe ease, and without annoyance or friction. that we can give any better advice to If the production of butter, or wool, or the readers of The Western Rural than meat, or grain, or any kind of stock | Y. Herald. would yield better returns than other branches of farming, he would be sure that advice, they will escape two dan- to lean to the most profitable one, till an excess of production would bring it to a level with the rest. The fact that the production of butter, which is known to be highly profitable when properly carried on, does not attract votaries enough to crowd prices lower, is an evidence that other lines of farming in this country pay quite as well as butter production, and in this fact, butter producers have the strongest guarantee that the present status of their industry will neither change widely nor suddenly. If the present producers of meat, for example, could make more by producing butter, they would not hesitate to change from meat to butter; but the fact that a larger number do not make the change bly conduct it successfully. There is a is proof that they are doing as well in the business they are occupied with. Some situations are better suited to producing meat, others to producing grain, and others for butter, etc.

> producing beef than butter. When they come to be divided into small farms, tillage will pay better than beef, and when they have become worn by much plowing, dairying brings the best returns, but dairying would be out of place before the plains have been subdued by the plow, because the foul weeds which abound on them would vitiate the flavor of mik, and injure its products. Particular products may do best in special localities, but the extent of country in which the various farm products can be produced is so large, that no one can long hold a monopolizing position. This gives security to all our agricultural industries, and allows each farmer with safety to gravitate towards the business for which his farm is best adapted. For these reasons, we say to all who have farms better adapted to dairying than to other modes of farming, that there is no occupation which is more likely to prove remunerative not a foreign outlet for dairy products, and, it may be added, without any fear of ruin by competing imitations. It is sheer folly to sigh for an export trade in dairy products, when we are secured in a better market at home. Cheese is now somewhat dependent on the English markets for a small surplus, because so much of the make of that article is made in shape and quality to suit that market, and is thereby not so well suited to home use. If the preferences of the American taste were better studied, it would not be long before there would be no cheese to send abroad, and the domestic trade would call for a larger amount than is now made, and at better prices. This inference is supported by the fact now patent among dealers, that

National Live Stock Journal.

The unappropriated plains of the

West and Northwest are better suited to

Arresistibly Ludicrous.

One of those things happened at the National Theater the other night which most papers are too dignified to mention, but which everybody likes to talk about. It was during the last act of "Mother and Son," and Janauschek, with one other person, was holding the stage. It was a situation of some suspense, and the house was perfectly still. There was a pause, too, in the dialogue, so that on the stage, also,

there happened to be complete stillness. Just at that moment a man in the parquette blew his nose. It was not a violent, savage blast, but a long, sonorous, luxurious blow, such as the horns that marched around Jerico might have given on the seventh round, in the serene confidence that the walls would come down promptly. The effect was irresistibly ludicrous. The audience, in their respect for the actors and their interest in the play, struggled bravely to preserve a good demeanor, but it was no use. A wave of half-suppressed laughter ran over the house, and many who succeeded in keeping

silence fairly shook. On the stage the situation was still worse. Even Janauschek's tragic gravity was disturbed. Her face twitched again and again in the effort to control herself, and she was glad to use the handkerchief she had in her hand to cover her confusion. For a moment it looked as if an emotional scene would be dissolved in a broad laugh, but the actors struggled on with the dialogue, and after a few minutes the play resumed its hold on the audience. For the man, or rather the nose, & was a successful debut .- Washington Cor. N. Y. Tribune.

-Dynamite is about to be thrown into the shade. An ingenious citizen of Paris, the appropriate home of such discoveries, has produced a new compound which he calls panelastite. Panlastite consists of hypoazotic acid, which is one of the numerous compounds of oxygen and azote, or nitrogen, mixed either with essence of petroleum or sulphuret of carbon. The degree of explosive force is said to depend upon which of the last named ingredients is used .- Chicago Herald.

A Toothsome Morsel. This from the Madison (Wis.) Democrat, conveys its own moral: Hold on! We are cognizant of the fact that an aching tooth was last night cured by the application of St. Jacobs Oil. The young fellow got mad over his raging tooth in the ball room, and rushed straightway to a drug store where he applied the good old German Remedy; in ten minutes the toothache had gone.

A good illustration of the ruling passion trong in death is found in Ah Duck, a Colestial murderer, who was in a hurry to be hanged because he believed that for twenty years after he had "joined the jerked"— a polite phrase for hanging—he would be able to return to earth and torment his ene mies. How delightful to look forward to and horrid unreality, while the aforemen-tioned mortal foe's eyeballs are starting out of their sockets, and his brow is wet order that you may enter on that pleasure without delay! We confess that manila rope has no attraction for us, even with such employment beyond the grave.-N.

A LADY writes: "Overwork, care, anxiety, grief, sorrow, unkindness, etc., made quite an invalid of me. I suffered great fatigue and was very nervous. Dr. Guy-sott's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla has made me strong and happy. It has made me feel more able to endure hardships."

THE most humorous member of a dog is the wag of his tail.

Personal! THE VOLTAIC BELT Co., Marshall, Mich., will send Dr. Dye's Celebrated Electro-Vol-taic Belts and Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days to men (young or old) who are afflicted with nervous debility, lost vitality and kindred troubles, guaranteeing speedy and complete restoration of health and manly vigor. Address as above. N. B. -No risk is incurred, as thirty day's trial

THE end of a pencil is a telling point .-- at a stand-still. N. O. Picagane.

Rheumatism Positively Cured in the shortest time. Write for free 40-page pamphlet on rheumatism, to R. K. Helphenstine, Druggist, Washington, D. C.

THE rule of three: For the third person to clear out.

"Brown's Bronchial Troches" are a sure remedy for Bronchitis and Hoarseness. If your horses have sore shoulders, scratches, cuts or open sores of any kind, use Stewart's Healing Powder.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, April 3, 1883.	
CATTLE-Exports \$ 6 90 @8 7 40	1
CUMPUSS SUPERIOR	
FLOUR-Good to Choice 4 60 @ 725	T
FLOUR—Good to Choice	1
No. 3 Red 1 17 @ 1 18	1
CORN-No. 2 66 @ 68	1
CORN—No. 2	1
PORK-New Mess	1
	1
ST. LOUIS.	1
COTTON-Middling @ 9%	1
BEEVES-Exports 6 80 @ 7 15	ŧ
Fair to Good 6 25 66 8 75	1
Teyas Steers 3 75 66 5 60	
HOGS-Common to Select 6 75 @ 7 85	1
SHEEP-Fair to Choice 5 25 @ 5 75 FLOUR-XXX to Choice 4 25 @ 5 15	1
FLOUR-XXX to Choice 4 25 @ 5 15	1
WHEAT-No. 2 Winter 1 08 6 1 00	1
No.3 " 1 02 @ 1 03	1
CORN-No. 2 Mixed	1
OATS-No. 2 41 66 43 2	1
RYE-No. 2 50 @ 61	ŀ
RYE—No. 2	L
Medium Leaf 6 00 6 8 00	10
BUTTER-Choice Dairy 20 65 25	R
BROOM-CORN-Prime 4 6 4½ EGGS-Choice 12 6 16 PORK-New Mess 18 25 6 18 40	B
EGGS-Choice 12 @ 16	E
PORK-New Mess	
BACON-Clear Rib 10 @ 12	
LARD-Prime Steam 10 6 11	H
WOOL-Tub-washed, medium. 30 @ 37	н
Unwashed	Ь
Unwashed 20 @ 26	Г
CATTLE-Exports 6 45 @ 7 00	1
HOGS-Good to choice 6 80 @ 8 10	I.
SHEEP-Good to choice 5 10 @ 6 10	1
FLOUR-Winter 4 25 @ 6 00	10
Spring 3 50 @ 5 00	1
Spring	1
No 2 Red 1 (0) 67 1 (0.1)	15
CORN-No. 2	13
OATS-No. 2 41 @ 42	п
RYE 57 66 58	1.
PORK-New Mess	17
KANSAS CITY.	11
CATTLE-Native Steers 5 90 @ 6 69	i.
Native Cows 3 25 @ 4 50 1	1
HOGS-Sales at 6 65 @ 7 65	1
	13
No. 3 88 66 8914	1 3
CORN-No. 2 Mixed 43 @ 4312	1
	1
OATS-No. 2. NEW ORLEANS. 33 6 344	1
FLOUR_High Grades 5 00 00 5 70	1.
CORN—White 64 65	1
OATS-Western 51 @ 52	1
CORN—White 61 66 65 OATS—Western 51 66 52 HAV—Choice 17 00 66 18 00	1
PORK-Mess 18 60 66 19 60 RACON-Clear Rib 19 66 11	13
BACON-Clear Rib 10 6 11	li

THE LOST CHILD.

A FATE WORSE THAN ABDUCTION. flow Parents, by a Lack of Precaution and Care, are Responsible for the Death of Their

Children.

(Camden, Me., Herald.) The moral and legal responsibility of parents, in the care of their children is, fortunately, attracting the serious attention of the better portion of the entire country. The many instances of child beating, oppression, and other forms of cruelty which have come to light, demand that something be done; and it is gratifying to know that the people are becoming thoroughly aroused. Whether the cruelty be in the form of physical violence or physical neglect matters not—the principle in both cases is the same. The man or woman who neglects his or her own health may be partioned, as the consequences fall upon the individual alone; but the parent or grantian who permits the the parent or guardian who permits the in-roads of disease upon the innocent ones de-pendent upon him for protection, is crimi-nally liable in the sight of God, however he may appear in the eyes of men. There are, however, parents that intend to care for their children, but, who through carelessness or the urgency of other duties, permit them to become the innocent victims of disease. Such parents may be guiltless of in-tentional wrong, but the disastrous results upon their children are just as great.

These are truths which must be manifest

to every worthy parent and especially in a vicinity where the unknown effects of the atmosphere, the water and the general ten-dency to malaria are so great. There are many families in this locality who have been called upon to mourn untimely losses, even when the greatest care was exercised but the experience of one only will be given: It is that of the late W. O. Thomas. The children were all most promising, but for some unexplained reason their health and strength seemed to gradually lessen until their friends feared they were the victims of consumption. One by one, they sickened and died until three had departed and two of the surviving brothers were also taken ill. Their names were Hermon and Edward Hermon, however, seemed the stronger of the two; and, while his younger brother was confined to the house constantly, and to his bed much of the time, Hermon was able to be about but in so weak a condition that he had no desire to play. Eddie's symptoms were terrible! He found diffi-culty in retaining food upon his stomach, was restless and irritable, and out of his head frequently. At various times three different physicians visited him; and each one told his friends he could not live. He finally got so low that death was only considered a matter of a few days. At that critical time his elder brothers, aroused al-most to the pitch of desperation by the three deaths that had so recently occurred, and the other one staring them in the face resolved to take the case into their own hands. They accordingly did so, and se-cured a remedy that was then being uni-versally used, and began giving it to him. Its effect at first was slight, but any im-provement was considered a good symptom. By degrees his strength returned; he was able to eat with a relish, then walk about the house; and finally he regained complete health and strength. The boy was complete health and strength. The boy was so rejoiced over his recovery that, accompanied by the editor of this paper, he went before Justice Charles K. Miller and made oath to the facts of his sickness as above related, and that he was restored to perfect health by the use of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure. Now, Edward Thomas' parents, while they lived, undoubtedly, provided faithfully for the wants of all their children; and yet the seeds of disease had children; and yet the seeds of disease had taken deep root. Their care in one direction had been counteracted by unknown care-lessness in another. Their love was sincere, but wholly misdirected. They should have known that children are just as liable to kidney and liver diseases as grown up people; and that the fatality of Bright's disease of the kidneys is just as great among little children as with adults. This is a serious subject. Hereditary traits: the aft-er consequences of measles and scarlet fever, diphtheria and the passing troubles which so easily become chronic, all demand the greatest care and caution. No case of cholera infantum, measles, scarlatina, or diphtheria was ever virulent while the child's kidneys and liver were healthy. It would simply be an impossibility. These important organs of the body are just form-ing within the child and growing with its growth; and they can be trained to strength and health as readily as the little mind can be trained to truth and uprightness.

The importance of carefully watching the slightest troubles of the child, and especially those affecting the kidneys and liver, can not be too strongly emphasized. Children respond so readily to the proper remedies and are so sensitive to disease, that it is a sin to deprive them of one at the risk of incurring the other. By a judicious treatment these essential organs can be devel-oped so that a strong constitution, able to resist the inroads of disease through com-ing years, shall be the result.

THE photographer's business is always

"Do Likewise." DR. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y .- "Five years ago I was a dreadful sufferer from uterine trouble. Having exhausted the skill of three physicians, I was completely dis-couraged, and so weak I could with diffi-culty cross the room alone. I began taking your 'Favorite Prescription' and using the local treatment recommended in your 'Common Sense Medical Advisor.' In three months I was perfectly cwed. I wrote a letter to my family paper, briefly mentioning how my health had been restored, and offering to send the full particulars to any one writing me for them and inclosing a stamped envelope for reply. I have re-ceived over four hundred letters. In reply, I have described my case and the treatment used, and earnestly advised them to 'do likewise.' From a great many I have received second letters of thanks stating that they had commenced the treatment and were much better already."

MRS. E. F. MORGAN, New Castle, Me. Drep in the wool-a defunct sheep .- N.

Y. Advertiser. "Beauty Unadorned (With Pimples) is Adorned the Most." If you desire a fair complexion free from

pimples, blotches and eruptions, take "Goiden Medical Discovery." By druggists, Size ain't everything. A watch ticking can be heard further than a bed ticking.— San Francisco Post.

Dr. Pierce's "Pellets," or sugar-coated granules—the original "Little Liver Pills," (beware of imitations)—cure sick and bilious headache, cleanse the stomach and bowels, and purify the blood. To get genu-ine, see Dr. Pierce's signature and portrait on Government stamp. 25 cents per vial, by druggists.

Poverty of invention—Being unable to take out a patent.—Puck.

. . . . A fair outside is but a poor substitute for inward worth." Good health inwardly, of the bowels, liver and kidneys, is sure to secure a fair outside, the glow of health on the cheek and vigor in the frame. For this, use Kidney-Wort and nothing else.

THE keynote—"Wife, let me in!"—Bur-lington Free Press.

"THE headache in my case was one of long standing, but Dr. Benson's Celery and Chamomile Pills conquered." C. T. Reiner, German Minister of the Gospel, Leslie, O. 50 cents, at druggists.

THE first negro criminal was the original Black Crook."-N. Y. Commercial.

Dr. Benson's Skin Cure consists of inter nal and external treatment at same time and it makes the skin white, soft and smooth. It BACON-Clear Rib. 10 6 11 it makes the skin white, soft and smooth. It COTTON-Middling 10 6 contains no poisonous drugs. \$1 at druggists. | SOLDby watchmakers. By mail 26c. Circulars Co., 38 Dey St., N.Y.

James Beecher, M. D., of Sigourney, Iowa, says for several years I have been using a Cough Balsam, called Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs, and in almost every case throughout my practice I have had entire success. I have used and prescribed hundreds of bottles ever since the days of my army practice (1863) when I was surmy army practice (1863), when I was sur geon of Hospital No. 7, Louisville, Ky.

WHEN a pick-pocket gets out of practice, it takes a long while for him to get his hand in.—Yonkers Statesman.

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar Quickly silences a distressing cough. Pike's toothache drops cure in one minute.

The cheapest and prettiest collars and cuffs are the Chrolithion. Try them and see for yourself.

A BALD-HEADED eagle is no more the har-binger of spring than a bald-headed man is of a missing heir. GET Lyon's Patent Heel Stiffeners for those

new boots or shoes before you run them over.

FOR PAIN.

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothathe, Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scatche, Front Hites, AND ALL OTHER BODILY PAINS AND ACHES. Sold by Druggists and Deniraevery where. Fifty Centus bottle. Directions in 11 Languages. THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO.
Baltimers, Nd., C. S. A.

\$66 A WEEK in your own town. Terms and so outfit free. Addr's H. Hallett & Co., Portland, Me Egg Hatchers. 10 to \$50. 12 years experience. Md.

ILL Catalogue of 2000 Books free to any address Agents Wanted, Nat'l Book Co., 73 Beekman St., N. Y. \$10 A DAY at home. Work for all | Acme Mg Co., Brockton, Mass.

Sheets fine writing paper in Blotter Tablet, with calendar, 25 cts., by mail. Agents wanted Economy Printing Co., Newburyport, Mass. WAR Wares sent C.O.D. anywhere. Whole-sale & Retail. Price-list free. Goods guaranteed. B.C. STREBL, 157 Wabash-av., Chicago

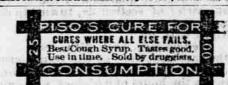
THE BIGGEST THING OUT IDUSTRATED BOOK (New) E. F. NASON & CO., 111 Nassau St., N. Y. Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till Cured. Dr. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio.

FREE! BY RETURN MAIL—A full description of Moody's New Tallon System of Dress Cutting. D. W. Moody & Co., \$1 W. 9th, Cincinnati, O.

\$5 to \$20 per day at home. Samples worth \$5 fore. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Me. 15,000 CARPENTERS now use our Saw better than ever. Price 82.50. Circulars and price ato Agents. Address E. ROTH & BRO.. New Oxford, Pa.

** MAUD S" HALTER cannot be slipped by any horse. Sent to any part of United States free, on receipt of \$1. Special discounts to the trade. Send for price-list. J. C. LIGHTHOUSE & BRO., Rochester, N. Y. \$65 A MONTH TEACHERS Students, Young Men and Ladies, in a light pleasant Business, in a your own county. Address P. W. ZIEGLER & CO., Philadelphia or Chicago.

ENGINES, THRESHERS SAW-MILLS, Horse Powers





LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND Is a Positive Cure

A Medicine for Woman. Invented by a Woman. Prepared by a Woman.

est Redical Discovery Since the Dawn of History. LFIt revives the drooping spirits, invigorates and harmonizes the organic functions, gives elasticity and firmness to the step, restores the natural justre to the eye, and plants on the pale check of woman the fresh roses of life's spring and early summer time.

Physicians Use It and Prescribe It Freely It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulant, and relieves weakness of the stomach. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex

this Compound to unsurpassed. LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S BLOOD PURIPIER will cradicate every vestige of Sumore from the Slood, and give tone and strength to the system, of my woman or child. Insist on having it.

Both the Compound and Blood Purifier are prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price of either, \$1. Six bottles for \$5. Sent by mall in the form of pills, or of lozenges, on receipt of price, \$1 per bex inquiry. Enclose 3ct stamp. Send for pamphlet.

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, billouaness, and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box. AT Sold by all Druggists. (1)

established and well-known house. Address. F. M AUPTON, Publisher, 27 Park Place, New York.

500.000 acres on the line of the WISCONSIN CENTRAL R. E. Address. CHARLES L. COLBY, Full particulars PREE. WISCONSIN CENTRAL R. E. MILWAUKEE, WIS. IN WISCONSIN.

RAILROAD GAZETTE.

A JOURNAL OF TRANSPORTATION.

Published at 78 Breadway, New York.

Engineering and Railroad News.

\$150,000 GIVEN AWAY

THE PRACTICAL FARMER, OF PHILADELPHIA, from an intimate acquaintance with its readers, has found there is a general desire to possess Farms and Homes in the West. Now, in order to give each of our Subscripers an opportunity to obtain an Improved Farm, a well-known, reliable real estate man has carefully selected for us 100 FARMS, to be offered as Premiums to our paper. We also offer, in connection with the Farm properly, as Premiums, has been Plate Emgravings—supers reproductions of the works of the greatest masters. These are alone worth the prace of the paper; and when we give, in addition, the opportunity to obtain an improved Farm, we are making The most splendid offer yet! Every Subscriber will receive a Premium. The FRACTICAL FARMER was founded by Paschall Morris in 1855, and is one of the oldest Agricultural, Literary and Family Journals published. Its claracter and reputation are of the lighest, and Subscribers racing drop from our lists. It has 10 pages, published weekly at \$2.00 per annum. We mant 1, 1000 new subscribers in two months.

GOOD ARM States 16,630 ACRES of Kansas, Missouri, AND WORTH Lowa, Nebraska and \$140,000.

Farms are all in good condition, and are in size from to to go acres, and worth from 1600 to \$10,000 each. The Farms will be converted by Warranty Deed, and a clear and perfect. Title shown from the United States down. They are all ready to occupy, and will be productive houses from the start. As high as 80 BUSHELS OF WHEAT per acre was harvested from some of these Farms last year. All of these lands are justed spood, and will produce as much under like circumstances. The tenancies are such that possession can be given at once. How you may obtain one of the Farms. Subscribe for the "PRACTICAL FARMER." Immediately upon teceiving the Subscription price-scription list, and the paper continued for one year. As soon as we have 10,000 new Subscribers registered on our books, we in ten days from date, we will award to each of them a premium, aggregating in value \$20,000, in such a manner that each subscriber will have a fair and equal opportunity to obtain one of the Farms and Engravings. If the sameway the second and following series of stood Subscribers will receive their Premiums until the entire \$100,000 in \$100 these is cauricly grantitious upon our part, and is intended by us as a meant of dividing with our Subscribers the profits of the year. It is name and address of those securing the valuable Premiums will be published in the PRACTICAL FARMER. Having made up our mind to secure, at any cost, the 'argest circulation of any Agricultural Paper in the World, we have resolved to forego all profits and give our Subscribers the Engravings and of the 20 Farms, with a description of the Engravings and of the 20 Farms, with a description of the Engravings and of the 20 Farms, with a description of the Engravings and of the 20 Farms, with a description of the Engravings and the contraction of the profits of the paper containing description of the Engravings and the contraction of the paper containing description of the Engravings and the contraction of the second o

CLUB RATES In order that your name and your friends names may be among the first series of the company of the c

5000 MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN Wanted to secure Subscribers to the PRACTICAL PROOF BUILDING MANILLA AGENTS WANTED FOR THE

HISTORY 🎎 U. S. BY ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS. It contains over 800 fine portraits and engravings of battles and other historical scenes, and is the most complete and valuable history ever published. It is sold by subscription only, and Agents are wanted in every county. Send for circulars and extra terms to Agents. Address,

NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., St. Louis, Mo.

Lady Agents can secure perma-and good salary selling Queen City Rikirt and Stocking Supporters, etc. Sample outfit Free. Address Queen City Suspender Co., Cincinnati, O WEAR OUT.

CORTIVALIS The only su of succession option CURE. Manufactured by Erwin, Gayden & Yongue, Winona, Miss. For sale by all druggists. Send for Circulars and Certificates i CURES.

572 A WEEK. \$12 a day at home easily made.

A. N. K., B WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS

please say you saw the advertisement in this paper. Advertisers like to know when and where their advertisements are pay-